

IN PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 07/14/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Tumor Size

Code	Description
000	No mass/tumor found
001-988	001 - 988 millimeters (code exact size in millimeters)
989	989 millimeters or larger
990	Microscopic focus or foci only and no size of focus given
991	Described as "less than 1 cm"
992	Described as "less than 2 cm," or "greater than 1 cm," or "between 1 cm and 2 cm"
993	Described as "less than 3 cm," or "greater than 2 cm," or "between 2 cm and 3 cm"
994	Described as "less than 4 cm," or "greater than 3 cm," or "between 3 cm and 4 cm"
995	Described as "less than 5 cm," or "greater than 4 cm," or "between 4 cm and 5 cm"
999	Unknown; size not stated Not documented in patient record



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 08/20/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Extension

- Note 1: Ignore intraluminal extension to adjacent segment(s) of colon; code depth of invasion or extracolonic spread as indicated.
- Note 2: Codes 600-800 are used for contiguous extension from the site of origin. Discontinuous involvement is coded in CS Mets at DX.
- Note 3: Tumor that is adherent to other organs or structures, macroscopically, is classified T4b. However, if no tumor is present in the adhesion, microscopically, the classification should be pT3.
- Note 4: Code 510-513 and 670-690 may only be used for mucinous tumors (histology codes 8480, 8481 and 8490). Per AJCC 7th Edition, "A mucinous peritoneal tumor within the right lower quadrant is considered T4a; peritoneal spread beyond the right lower quadrant, including pseudomyxoma peritonei is classified M1a." For non-mucinous tumors, any peritoneal spread is M1a and should be coded in CS Mets at Dx.

Code	Description	TNM 7 Map	TNM 6 Map	SS77 Map	SS2000 Map
000	In situ; noninvasive; intraepithelial	Tis	Tis	IS	IS
050	(Adeno)carcinoma in a polyp or adenoma, noninvasive	Tis	Tis	IS	IS
100	Invasive tumor confined to mucosa, NOS (including intramucosal, NOS)	Tis	Tis	L	L
110	* For Extension codes 510+513 and 660-690 ONLY, the T category is assigned based on the value of CS Mets at Dx, as shown in the Extension Mets Table for this site.	Tis	Tis	L	L
120	Confined to and not through the muscularis mucosae, including muscularis mucosae in the stalk of a polyp.	Tis	Tis	L	L

130	Confined to head of polyp, NOS	T1	T1	L	L
140	Confined to stalk of polyp, NOS	T1	T1	L	L
150	Invasive tumor in polyp, NOS	T1	T1	L	L
160	Invades submucosa (superficial invasion), including submucosa in the stalk of a polyp	T1	T1	L	L
170	Stated as T1, NOS	T1	T1	L	L
200	Muscularis propria invaded Stated as T2, NOS	T2	T2	L	L
300	Confined to appendix, NOS Confined to colon, NOS Localized, NOS	T1	T1	L	L
400	Tumor invades mesoappendix Invasion through muscularis propria or muscularis, NOS Non-peritonealized pericolic tissues invaded Perimuscular tissue invaded Subserosal tissue/(sub) serosal fat invaded Transmural, NOS	Т3	Т3	L	L
410	Stated as T3, NOS	T3	T3	L	L
420	Fat, NOS	T3	T3	RE	RE
450	Extension to: Adjacent tissue(s), NOS Connective tissue Mesenteric fat Mesentery Mesocolon Pericolic fat	Т3	Т3	RE	RE
460	Adherent to other organs or structures, but no microscopic tumor found in adhesion(s)	Т3	Т3	RE	RE
490	Stated as T4, NOS	T4NOS	T4	RE	RE
500	Invasion of/through serosa (mesothelium) (visceral peritoneum)	T4a	Т4	RE	RE
510	For mucinous tumors only: Peritoneal involvement confined within right lower quadrant ONLY	T4a	*	D	D

511	(510) + (130-170) or (300) For mucinous tumors only: Peritoneal involvement confined within right lower quadrant PLUS local extension categorized as T1	T4a	*	D	D
512	(510) + (200) For mucinous tumors only: Peritoneal involvement confined within right lower quadrant PLUS invasion of muscularis propria or other local extension categorized as T2	T4a	*	D	D
513	(510) + (400-460) For mucinous tumors only: Peritoneal involvement confined within right lower quadrant PLUS local extension categorized as T3	T4a	*	D	D
520	Stated as T4a, NOS	T4a	T4	RE	RE
550	Any of [(420) to (450)] + (500)	T4a	T4	RE	RE
560	Stated as T4b, NOS	T4b	T4	RE	RE
570	Adherent to other organs or structures, NOS	T4b	T4	RE	RE
600	Small intestine Greater omentum	T4b	T4	RE	RE
650	Abdominal wall Retroperitoneum (excluding fat)	T4b	Т4	RE	RE
670	(570-650) + (510)	T4b	*	D	D
675	(570-650) + (511)	T4b	*	D	D
680	(570-650) + (512)	T4b	*	D	D
690	(570-650) + (513)	T4b	*	D	D
700	Fallopian tube Ovary Uterus	T4b	T4	D	D
750	Adrenal (suprarenal) gland Bladder Diaphragm Fistula to skin Gallbladder Other segment(s) of colon via serosa	T4b	T4	D	D
800	Kidney Liver Ureter Other contiguous extension	T4b	T4	D	D
950	No evidence of primary tumor	T0	T0	U	U

999	Unknown extension Primary tumor cannot be assessed Not documented in patient record	ТХ	ТХ	U	U	
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 * For Extension codes 510+513 and 660-690 ONLY, the T category is assigned based on the value of CS Mets at Dx, as shown in the Extension Mets Table for this site.



IN PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 08/10/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Tumor Size/Ext Eval

Code	Description	Staging Basis
0	Does not meet criteria for AJCC pathologic staging: No surgical resection done. Evaluation based on physical examination, imaging examination, or other non-invasive clinical evidence. No autopsy evidence used.	С
1	Does not meet criteria for AJCC pathologic staging: No surgical resection done. Evaluation based on endoscopic examination, diagnostic biopsy, including fine needle aspiration biopsy, or other invasive techniques, including surgical observation without biopsy. No autopsy evidence used.	С
2	Meets criteria for AJCC pathologic staging: No surgical resection done, but evidence derived from autopsy (tumor was suspected or diagnosed prior to autopsy)	р
3	Either criteria meets AJCC pathologic staging: Surgical resection performed WITHOUT pre-surgical systemic treatment or radiation OR surgical resection performed, unknown if pre-surgical systemic treatment or radiation performed AND Evaluation based on evidence acquired before treatment, supplemented or modified by the additional evidence acquired during and from surgery, particularly from pathologic examination of the resected specimen. No surgical resection done. Evaluation based on positive	p

	biopsy of highest T classification.	
5	Does not meet criteria for AJCC y-pathologic (yp) staging: Surgical resection performed AFTER neoadjuvant therapy and tumor size/extension based on clinical evidence, unless the pathologic evidence at surgery (AFTER neoadjuvant) is more extensive (see code 6).	С
6	Meets criteria for AJCC y-pathologic (yp) staging: Surgical resection performed AFTER neoadjuvant therapy AND tumor size/extension based on pathologic evidence, because pathologic evidence at surgery is more extensive than clinical evidence before treatment.	У
8	Meets criteria for autopsy (a) staging: Evidence from autopsy only (tumor was unsuspected or undiagnosed prior to autopsy)	а
9	Unknown if surgical resection done Not assessed; cannot be assessed Unknown if assessed Not documented in patient record	С



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 08/19/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Lymph Nodes

- Note 1: Code only regional nodes and nodes, NOS, in this field. Distant nodes are coded in the field Mets at DX.
- Note 2: One or more malignant satellite peritumoral nodules in the pericolorectal adipose tissue of a primary carcinoma without histologic evidence of residual lymph node in the nodule may represent discontinuous spread, venous invasion with extravascular spread or a totally replaced lymph node. If the primary tumor is localized and maps to T1 or T2 and this is the only information you have, use code 050. The total number of tumor deposits must also be coded in SSF6.
- Note 3: Superior and inferior mesenteric nodes are coded in CS Mets at DX.
- Note 4: The number of positive regional nodes is required to calculate the correct N category for this site. Codes 400 and 450 are for use when this number is not available, but the pathology report assigns an N1 or N2 category. If information about the number of positive nodes is available, use codes 100, 200, or 300 rather than codes 400 - 450. The actual number of involved nodes will be coded in Reg LN Pos.

Code	Description	TNM 7 Map	TNM 6 Map	SS77 Map	SS2000 Map
000	None; no regional lymph node involvement	N0	N0	NONE	NONE
050	Tumor deposit(s) in the subserosa, or non-peritonealized pericolic or perirectal tissues WITHOUT regional nodal metastasis	^	T1NOS	RN	RN
100	Colic (NOS) Epicolic (adjacent to bowel wall) Mesocolic (NOS) Paracolic/pericolic	^	*	RN	RN
200	Anterior cecal (prececal), Posterior (retrocecal); NOS	٨	*	RN	RN

	Mesenteric, NOS Regional lymph node(s), NOS	٨	*	RN	RN
400	Stated as N1 pathologic, NOS	N1	N1	RN	RN
450	Stated as N2 pathologic, NOS	N2	N2	RN	RN
800	Lymph nodes, NOS	^	*	RN	RN
999	Unknown; not stated Regional lymph node(s) cannot be assessed Not documented in patient record	NX	NX	U	U

- ^ For codes 050-300 and 800 ONLY: when CS Regional Nodes Eval is 0, 1, 5, or 9, the N category is assigned from the Lymph Nodes Clinical Evaluation 7th Table, using Reg LN Pos and CS Site-Specific Factor 2; when CS Regional Nodes Eval is 2, 3, 6, 8, or not coded, the N category is determined from the Lymph Nodes Pathologic Evaluation 7th Table using Reg LN Pos.
- * For codes 050-300 and 800 ONLY: when CS Regional Nodes Eval is 0, 1, 5, or 9, the N category is assigned from the Lymph Nodes Clinical Evaluation Table, using Reg LN Pos and CS Site-Specific Factor 2; when CS Regional Nodes Eval is 2, 3, 6, 8, or not coded, the N category is determined from the Lymph Nodes Pathologic Evaluation Table using Reg LN Pos.



NPROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 09/23/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Lymph Nodes Eval

- Note 1: This field is used primarily to derive the staging basis for the N category in the TNM system. It records how the code for the item "CS Lymph Nodes" was determined based on the diagnostic methods employed and their intent.
- Note 2: In the 7th edition of the AJCC manual, the clinical and pathologic classification rules for the N category were changed to reflect current medical practice. The N is designated as clinical or pathologic based on the intent (workup versus treatment) matching with the assessment of the T classification. When the intent is workup, the staging basis is clinical, and when the intent is treatment, the staging basis is pathologic.
 - A. Microscopic assessment including biopsy of regional nodes or sentinel nodes if being performed as part of the workup to choose the treatment plan, is therefore part of the clinical staging. When it is part of the workup, the T category is clinical, and there has not been a resection of the primary site adequate for pathologic T classification (which would be part of the treatment).
 - B. Microscopic assessment of regional nodes if being performed as part of the treatment is therefore part of the pathologic staging. When it is part of the treatment, the T category is pathologic, and there has been a resection of the primary site adequate for pathologic T classification (all part of the treatment).
- Note 3: Microscopic assessment of the highest N category is always pathologic (code 3).
- Note 4: If lymph node dissection is not performed after neoadjuvant therapy, use code 0 or 1.
- Note 5: Only codes 5 and 6 are used if the node assessment is performed after neoadjuvant therapy.

Code	Description	Staging Basis
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0	Does not meet criteria for AJCC pathologic staging: No regional lymph nodes removed for examination. Evidence based on physical examination, imaging examination, or other non-invasive clinical evidence. No autopsy evidence used.	С
1	Does not meet criteria for AJCC pathologic staging based on at least one of the following criteria: No regional lymph nodes removed for examination. Evidence based on endoscopic examination, or other invasive techniques including surgical observation, without biopsy. No autopsy evidence used. OR Fine needle aspiration, incisional core needle biopsy, or excisional biopsy of regional lymph nodes or sentinel nodes as part of the diagnostic workup, WITHOUT removal of the primary site adequate for pathologic T classification (treatment).	С
2	Meets criteria for AJCC pathologic staging: No regional lymph nodes removed for examination, but evidence derived from autopsy (tumor was suspected or diagnosed prior to autopsy).	р
3	Meets criteria for AJCC pathologic staging based on at least one of the following criteria: Any microscopic assessment of regional nodes (including FNA, incisional core needle bx, excisional bx, sentinel node bx or node resection), WITH removal of the primary site adequate for pathologic T classification (treatment) or biopsy assessment of the highest T category. OR Any microscopic assessment of a regional node in the highest N category, regardless of the T category information.	р
5	Does not meet criteria for AJCC y-pathologic (yp) staging: Regional lymph nodes removed for examination AFTER neoadjuvant therapy AND lymph node evaluation based on clinical evidence, unless the pathologic evidence at surgery (AFTER neoadjuvant) is more extensive (see code 6).	С
6	Meets criteria for AJCC y-pathologic (yp) staging: Regional lymph nodes removed for examination AFTER neoadjuvant therapy AND lymph node evaluation based on pathologic evidence, because the pathologic evidence at surgery is more extensive than clinical evidence before treatment.	у

8	Meets criteria for AJCC autopsy (a) staging: Evidence from autopsy; tumor was unsuspected or undiagnosed prior to autopsy.	а
9	Unknown if lymph nodes removed for examination Not assessed; cannot be assessed Unknown if assessed Not documented in patient record	С



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 03/30/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

Reg LN Pos

• Note: Record this field even if there has been preoperative treatment.

Code	Description
00	All nodes examined negative.
01-89	1 - 89 nodes positive (code exact number of nodes positive)
90	90 or more nodes positive
95	Positive aspiration or core biopsy of lymph node(s)
97	Positive nodes - number unspecified
98	No nodes examined
	Unknown if nodes are positive; not applicable Not documented in patient record



IN PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 03/02/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

Reg LN Exam

Code	Description
00	No nodes examined
01-89	1 - 89 nodes examined (code exact number of regional lymph nodes examined)
90	90 or more nodes examined
95	No regional nodes removed, but aspiration or core biopsy of regional nodes performed
96	Regional lymph node removal documented as sampling and number of nodes unknown/not stated
97	Regional lymph node removal documented as dissection and number of nodes unknown/not stated
98	Regional lymph nodes surgically removed but number of lymph nodes unknown/not stated and not documented as sampling or dissection; nodes examined, but number unknown
99	Unknown if nodes were examined; not applicable or negative Not documented in patient record



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 10/16/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Mets at DX

• Note: With the implementation of AJCC 7th edition, mucinous tumors with peritoneal involvement confined to the right lower quadrant were changed from M1 to T4a. Therefore, these should be coded in CS Extension.

Code	Description	TNM 7 Map	TNM 6 Map	SS77 Map	SS2000 Map
00	No; none	MO	MO	NONE	NONE
05	For mucinous tumors only: Intraperitoneal metastasis BEYOND the right lower quadrant, including pseudomyxoma peritonei	M1a	M1	D	D
07	For non-mucinous tumors: Any intraperitoneal spread	M1b	M1	D	D
08	Superior mesenteric lymph nodes	M1b	M1	RN	D
10	Distant lymph node(s)	M1b	M1	D	D
20	For mucinous tumors only: (10 or 08) + (05) Distant lymph node(s) plus intraperitoneal metastasis BEYOND the right lower quadrant, including pseudomyxoma peritonei	M1b	M1	D	D
25	For non-mucinous tumors only: (10 or 08) + (07) Distant lymph node(s) plus intraperitoneal spread	M1b	M1	D	D
40	OBSOLETE DATA RETAINED V0200 See codes 45 and 60 Distant metastases except distant lymph node(s) (codes 08-10) Carcinomatosis	ERROR	M1	D	D

	Distant metastases except distant lymph node(s) (code 10) or peritoneal spread Carcinomatosis	M1b	M1	D	D
50	(45) + (10) Distant lymph node(s) plus other distant metastases	M1b	M1	D	D
60	Distant metastasis, NOS M1, NOS	M1NOS	M1	D	D
99	Unknown if distant metastasis Cannot be assessed Not documented in patient record	МО	MX	U	U



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 07/28/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Mets Eval

- Note 1: This item reflects the validity of the classification of the item CS Mets at DX only according to the diagnostic methods employed.
- Note 2: If a specific subcategory of M1 will be derived from CS Mets at DX, then determine if there was any pathological evidence for the highest subcategory. If so, select an Eval code that will derive a "p" staging basis. If there was only clinical evidence of the highest subcategory, select an Eval code that will derive a "c" staging basis. See also CS Mets Eval in Part 1.

Code	Description	Staging Basis
0	Does not meet criteria for AJCC pathologic staging of distant metastasis: Evaluation of distant metastasis based on physical examination, imaging examination, and/or other non-invasive clinical evidence. No microscopic examination of metastatic specimen performed or microscopic examination was negative.	С
1	Does not meet criteria for AJCC pathologic staging of distant metastasis: Evaluation of distant metastasis based on endoscopic examination or other invasive technique, including surgical observation without biopsy. No microscopic examination of metastatic specimen performed or microscopic examination was negative.	С

2	Meets criteria for AJCC pathologic staging of distant metastasis: No microscopic examination of metastatic specimen done prior to death, but positive metastatic evidence derived from autopsy (tumor was suspected or diagnosed prior to autopsy).	р
3	Meets criteria for AJCC pathologic staging of distant metastasis: Specimen from metastatic site microscopically positive WITHOUT pre-surgical systemic treatment or radiation OR specimen from metastatic site microscopically positive, unknown if pre-surgical systemic treatment or radiation performed OR specimen from metastatic site microscopically positive prior to neoadjuvant treatment.	р
5	Does not meet criteria for AJCC y-pathologic (yp) staging of distant metastasis: Specimen from metastatic site microscopically positive WITH pre-surgical systemic treatment or radiation, BUT metastasis based on clinical evidence.	С
6	Meets criteria for AJCC y-pathologic (yp) staging of distant metastasis: Specimen from metastatic site microscopically positive WITH pre-surgical systemic treatment or radiation, BUT metastasis based on pathologic evidence.	у
8	Meets criteria for AJCC autopsy (a) staging of distant metastasis: Evidence from autopsy based on examination of positive metastatic tissue AND tumor was unsuspected or undiagnosed prior to autopsy.	а
9	Not assessed; cannot be assessed Unknown if assessed Not documented in patient record	С



CESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 08/20/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 1 Pre-Operative Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA)

Code	Description	
000	Test not done	
010	Positive/elevated	
020	Negative/normal; within normal limits	
030	Borderline; undetermined whether positive or negative	
998	Test ordered; results not in chart	
1 444	Unknown or no information Not documented in patient record	



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 08/20/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 2 Clinical Assessment of Regional Lymph Nodes

• Note: In the rare instance that the number of clinically positive nodes is stated but a clinical N category is not stated, code 1-3 nodes as 100 (N1), and 4 or more nodes as 200 (N2).

Code	Description
000	Nodes not clinically evident
100	Clinically N1
200	Clinically N2
400	Clinically positive regional nodes, NOS
888	OBSOLETE DATA CONVERTED V0200 See code 988: Not applicable for this site.
988	OBSOLETE DATA CONVERTED AND RETAINED V0200 Not applicable for this site
999	Unknown if nodes are clinically evident



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 09/21/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 3 Pre-Operative Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) Lab Value

 Note: Record the highest CEA lab value recorded in the medical record prior to treatment. A pretreatment CEA of 7 nanograms/millileter (ng/ml) would be recorded as 070.

Code	Description
000	0 ng/ml
001	0.1 or less ng/ml
002-979	0.2-97.9 ng/ml
980	98.0 or greater ng/ml
988	OBSOLETE DATA CONVERTED AND RETAINED V0200 Code 888 was used in version 1 and was converted to 988 for version 2.
997	Test ordered, results not in chart
998	Test not done (test was not ordered and was not performed)
999	Unknown or no information Not documented in patient record



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 08/19/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 4 Tumor Deposits

- Note 1: Tumor deposits are defined as one or more satellite peritumoral nodules in the pericolorectal adipose tissue of a primary carcinoma without histologic evidence of residual lymph node in the nodule may represent discontinuous spread, venous invasion with extravascular spread or a totally replaced lymph node.
- Note 2: Record the number of of tumor deposits whether or not there are positive lymph nodes.

Code	Description
000	None
001-080	1-80 Tumor Deposits (code exact number of tumor deposits)
081	Greater than 80 Tumor Deposits
888	OBSOLETE DATA CONVERTED V0200 See code 988: Not applicable for this site.
988	OBSOLETE DATA CONVERTED AND RETAINED V0200
998	Tumor deposits identified, number unknown
999	Unknown if tumor deposits are present Not documented in patient record



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 06/30/2008 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 5

Code	Description
888	OBSOLETE DATA CONVERTED V0200 See code 988 Not applicable for this site
988	Not applicable for this schema



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 06/30/2008 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 6

Code	Description
888	OBSOLETE DATA CONVERTED V0200 See code 988 Not applicable for this site
988	Not applicable for this schema



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 09/21/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 7 Microsatellite Instability

• Note: The Microsatellite Instability (MSI) test is a genetic test performed ontumor tissue to look for differences in length of certain non-functioning sections of DNA. The differences are caused by problems with the genes that normally repair DNA. MSI testing is less expensive and faster than testing for the defects in the functional genes. A high-positive MSI result may indicate that the gene repair problem is related to the development of the cancer, and that the patient may have HNPCC (Hereditary NonPolyposis Colorectal Cancer, also known as Lynch syndrome.) A low-positive or stable MSI result (stable meaning that there are no differences in the lengths) means it is unlikely that the cancer is genetic.

Code	Description
020	MSI Stable; No microsatellite instability
040	MSI unstable low; Positive, low
050	MSI unstable high; Positive, high
060	MSI unstable, NOS; Positive, NOS
997	Test ordered, results not in chart
998	Test not done (test was not ordered and was not performed)
999	Unknown or no information Not documented in patient record



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 06/30/2008 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 8

Code	Description
988	Not applicable for this schema



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 06/30/2008 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 9

С	Code	Description
(988	Not applicable for this schema



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 09/21/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 10 18q Loss of Heterozygosity (LOH)

• Note: This is a special assay test used to identify loss of heterozygosity on the long arm of chromosome 18, which contains several genes with potential importance in colorectal cancer pathogenesis and progression.

Code	Description
010	Test positive for loss of heterozygosity
020	Test negative for lost of heterozyosity
997	Test ordered, results not in chart
998	Test not done (test was not ordered and was not performed)
uuu l	Unknown or no information Not documented in patient record



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 08/20/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 11 Histopathological Grading

• Note: Histologic grading is considered of particular importance for mucinous tumors (codes 8480, 8481 and 8490) and is used for stage grouping. Select the grade as described on the pathology report.

Code	Description
001	For mucinous tumors: low grade For all carcinomas: well differentiated
002	For mucinous tumors: high grade For all carcinomas: moderately differentiated
003	Poorly differentiated
004	Undifferentiated
998	Patient did not have surgery No histologic confirmation
999	Unknown grade Unknown or no information Not documented in patient record



PROCESS Collaborative Stage for TNM 7 - Revised 09/21/2009 [Schema]

Appendix

CS Site-Specific Factor 12 Pre-Operative CA 19-9 Lab Value

- Note 1: Carbohydrate Antigen 19-9 is a tumor marker that has value in the management of epithelial appendiceal malignancy with peritoneal dissemination.
- Note 2: Record in nanograms/millileter the highest CA 19-9 lab value recorded in the medical record prior to treatment. A pretreatment CA 19-9 of 60 nanograms/millileter (ng/ml) would be recorded as 600.

Code	Description
000	0 ng/ml
001	0.1 or less ng/ml
002-979	0.2-97.9 ng/ml
980	98.0 or greater ng/ml
997	Test ordered, results not in chart
998	Test not done (test was not ordered and was not performed)
999	Unknown or no information Not documented in patient record